Republic of the Philippines
Congress of the Philippines
Metro Manila
Fourteenth Congress
Second Regular Session

Begun and held in Metro Manila, on Monday, the twenty-eighth day of July, two thousand eight.

[Republic Act No. 9513]

AN ACT PROMOTING THE DEVELOPMENT, UTILIZATION AND COMMERCIALIZATION OF RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCES AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

CHAPTER I
TITLE AND DECLARATION OF POLICIES

SECTION 1. Short Title. ~ This Act shall be known as the "Renewable Energy Act of 2008". It shall hereinafter be referred to as the "Act".

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policies. ~ It is hereby declared the policy of the State to:
...
and transport

The utilization of renewable energy and fuels for electricity generation, but the application shall not be limited to that. The use of renewable energy is also encouraged for the development and utilization of renewable energy resources. The Department of Energy (DOE) hereby directs the Renewable Energy Development Authority (REDA) to prepare and submit a plan for the development of renewable energy resources.

(4) "Renewable Energy" refers to energy resources that can be renewed or replenished over a human time scale and are derived from natural processes such as wind, water, and sunlight.

(6) "Energy Efficiency" refers to the improvement of energy performance through the reduction of energy use and/or the increase of energy efficiency.

(9) "Power Distribution System" refers to the system of electricity distribution networks that transmit electricity from power stations to consumers.

The contribution to the electric grid is credited for any generated power from renewable energy sources.

(3) "National Grid Corporation of the Philippines (NGCP)" refers to the independent system operator (ISO) for the National Grid in the Philippines.

(4) "Net Metering" refers to a system where the electricity produced by a renewable energy source is used locally and any excess electricity is fed back into the grid.

(5) "Renewable Energy (RE)" refers to energy sources that are naturally replenished and are derived from natural processes such as wind, water, and sunlight.

(6) "Energy Efficiency" refers to the improvement of energy performance through the reduction of energy use and/or the increase of energy efficiency.

(8) "Net Metering" refers to a system where the electricity produced by a renewable energy source is used locally and any excess electricity is fed back into the grid.

(9) "Power Distribution System" refers to the system of electricity distribution networks that transmit electricity from power stations to consumers.

The contribution to the electric grid is credited for any generated power from renewable energy sources.
ON-GRID RENEWABLE ENERGY DEVELOPMENT

CHAPTER III

Chapter III

Communication

Small Power Utilities (SPU) refer to a group of power utilities that own and operate small power plants, often with renewable energy sources. These utilities are typically responsible for generating and delivering electricity to local communities. (Ref. Small Power Utilities Group (SPU))
Provided further, that the 'economic period for additional investment', shall be continued for a fresh package of measures, subject to the approval of the DOE and the implementation of the measures. Provided further, that the economic period for additional investment shall be continued for a fresh package of measures, subject to the approval of the DOE and the implementation of the measures. Provided further, that the economic period for additional investment shall be continued for a fresh package of measures, subject to the approval of the DOE and the implementation of the measures.

National Government

Chapter III

Article IX

Sec. 1. Government Share

Chapter IV

Article X

Sec. 1. Government Share

The National Government shall be entitled to 10% of the gross income of any project or activity which is not an R&D project, and any R&D project shall be entitled to the Government share. The Government share shall be entitled to the Government share. The Government share shall be entitled to the Government share. The Government share shall be entitled to the Government share.

Chapter V

Article XI

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Chapter VI

Article XII

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Chapter VII

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Chapter VIII

General Provisions

The Department of Energy (DOE) and the National Energy Regulation Board (NERB) are established under a separate act of Congress to regulate the energy sector. The DOE is responsible for the overall direction and administration of the Energy Development Program, while the NERB is responsible for the regulation and supervision of the energy sector.

The DOE is headed by the Secretary of Energy, who is appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. The NERB is headed by the Chairman, who is appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate.

The DOE and NERB are under the supervision of the Department of Energy and Natural Resources (DOE-NR), which is headed by the Secretary of Energy and Natural Resources. The DOE-NR is under the supervision of the Department of Finance and the Department of Budget and Management (DBM).

The DOE and NERB are responsible for the development and implementation of policies and programs related to energy, including the promotion of renewable energy sources and the development of energy infrastructure.

The DOE and NERB are also responsible for the regulation of energy companies and the resolution of disputes related to energy matters. They are also responsible for the implementation of energy projects and programs, including the provision of energy services to consumers.

The DOE and NERB are funded by a combination of government appropriations and user fees from energy companies. They are subject to oversight by Congress and other regulatory bodies to ensure that they are fulfilling their responsibilities.

The DOE and NERB are required to provide regular reports to Congress on their activities and achievements, including their budget, financial statements, and energy development plans.

The DOE and NERB are required to comply with all applicable laws and regulations, including those related to the environment, labor, and public health. They are also subject to audits and investigations by government agencies to ensure compliance with their duties and obligations.
(a) The National Renewable Energy Law (NREL) shall be enforced to implement this provision.

(b) The NREL shall be implemented by the Department of Energy (DOE) and the Department of Transportation and Communication (DOTC).

(c) The DOE shall ensure the implementation of the NREL.

(d) The DOTC shall cooperate with the DOE to implement the NREL.

(e) The NREL shall be enforced to support the development and operation of new renewable energy projects.

(f) The NREL shall be enforced to provide support for research and development.

(g) The NREL shall be enforced to provide support for education and training.

(h) The NREL shall be enforced to provide support for the protection and conservation of the environment.

(i) The NREL shall be enforced to provide support for the promotion of the use of renewable energy.

(j) The NREL shall be enforced to provide support for the promotion of the use of non-renewable energy.

(k) The NREL shall be enforced to provide support for the promotion of the use of alternative fuel.

(l) The NREL shall be enforced to provide support for the promotion of the use of non-conventional energy.

(m) The NREL shall be enforced to provide support for the promotion of the use of conventional energy.

(n) The NREL shall be enforced to provide support for the promotion of the use of non-renewable energy projects.

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(Z) The NREL shall be enforced to provide support for the promotion of the use of non-renewable energy projects.
amended accordingly, with the provisions of this Act being referred, modified, or elaborated on. Any new law, executive order, or executive directive issued shall remain valid.

SEC 37. Application. - Such sums as may be necessary for the annual operation of this Act shall be appropriable.

DENY. Under any other authority vested or assigned to any other government agency or entity, other than the Act, the Act, its IRC, and other rules and regulations issued hereunder, the Secretary of the Treasury, or the Secretary's designee, may issue regulations, promulgate rules, and prescribe forms and procedures necessary for the implementation of this Act.

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CHAPTER IX

Final Provisions

in the country develop and implement the recommendations of the Act and the accomplishment of the mandates of the Act.

The SEC 36. Penalty Clause - Any person who willfully violate the provision of this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred thousand pesos. (f)

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Consistent with the foregoing paragraph and Section 13 of this Act, Section 1 of Presidential Decree No. 1442 or the Geothermal Resources Exploration and Development Act, insofar as the exploration of geothermal resources by the government, and Section 10(1) of Republic Act No. 7156, otherwise known as the "Mini-Hydro Electric Power Incentive Act", insofar as the special privilege tax rate of two percent (2%) are hereby repealed, modified or amended accordingly.

SEC. 40. Effectivity Clause. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,

PROSPERO C. NOGRALES  MANNY VILLAR
Speaker of the House  President of the Senate
of Representatives

This Act which is a consolidation of Senate Bill No. 2046 and House Bill No. 4193 was finally passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on October 8, 2008.

MARIAN B. BARUA-YAP  EMMA LIRIO REYES
Secretary General  Secretary of the Senate
House of Representatives

Approved:  Enacted 2008

GLORIA MACAPAGAL-ARROYO
President of the Philippines